in a conspiracy to destroy Lorimer,"

Explains Aid He Gave Browne. He declared he had contributed to that "if Browne were convicted it would be hard to make any one believe pin could have been heard. that Lorimer had not bought his seat. They thought that Browne couldn't escape. All the power of the third degree was to be used upon him by

State's Attorney Wayman." Returning to White, Mr. Lorimer declared no one had a right to accept the country. testimony of a man who had said he would sell his soul for money. "If you are to believe there is anything in this case you must settle it all. You don't need to go to Link, Beckemeyer or Holstlaw. That is all there is in the case," declared the accused senator. Several dramatic moments occurred during the senator's speech. He had aided White, he said, because the latter

had supported him. "The minority of the committee would have you believe such a course wrong," he said. "All right, Senators Lea and Kenyon and Kern," pointing to each in turn, "you may live by that rule if you will, but all my life I have tried to make a reputation for never having gone back on or turned down a friend.'

### Assumes Dramatic Attitude.

Throwing up his hands and turning his face upward, Senator Lorimer dramati-

cally cried: "Let Him judge who shall be the final judge whether it is correct to do unto others as you would have them do unto you. By that rule have I lived and by that rule shall I die, though all the world, including the Senate, shall condemn me." Lorimer complained that the tendency was to believe men only who testified against him and to disbelieve all who testified for him. He declared he would

"While I live and regardless of the verdict here," he said, "this fight will go on, and on, and on until all the people of all the world will come to know the case and to know it as it has been presented by the five men who listened to all the testimony." Mr. Lorimer was referring to the majority of the committee who reported in his favor. Of the other three members of the committee, he said, one had been present

only at 25 per cent of the time of the committee's sittings, another not to exceed 60 per cent and the third not to exceed 80 per cent.

Why He Was at Springfield.

Mr. Lorimer explained his presence at respect. He said he had been going to the state

capital in that behalf for seventeen years, and in that interest had spent \$30,000 of his own money. "And," he said, "if I had not been compelled for the past two and a half years To follow this awful, bitter, vicious prosecution this waterway from the great lakes to the gulf would have been legis-

Senators who belittled his interest in such an enterprise could not properly appreciate its magnitude. It was suffi- that we believe in protection. Canadian cient to arouse the interest of any man. The allegation in the minority report that Browne had been his (Lorimer's) agent was declared unjustified and characterized as a mere insinuation. Nor was ward the President and voted for Roosethere the slightest scintilla of evidence velt 2 to 1. They voted neither for Rooseto show that Speaker Shurtleff had been guilty of wrongdoing. Such a charge could have no other purpose than to prejudice the judges in the case.

### Another "Vile Insinuation."

Another "vile insinuation" was that Lorimer's election had followed immediately after Hines' visit to the president of his bank. The inference was that the two events were connected. This was an insinuation that the money had been arranged for, whereas the bank official was not his friend, though a man of such high standing that he had been tendered the office of the Secretary of the Treas-

"There is no other explanation of the statement," he said, "and yet senators are expected to decide the question on just such statements. If senators will deliberately misstate the record, what chance have you to know the truth in the

Accounting for his support by democrats, Mr. Lorimer declared no republican ever had been closer to them than he had. He declared a majority of the demo crats of that state would vote for a protective tariff as against a tariff for revenue only. He said the tariff question had been brought in "to cover up the republi-

Nearly all the Illinois democrats who voted for him (Lorimer) were his personal friends, he declared, while the republicans who voted for Lea in Tennessee, he said, were delivered to him by the leaders of the Senate and not by the President or the republican organization."

## Refers to Kern's Speech.

He again drew attention to the speech members of the investigating committee. in which the latter said concerning the andling of \$2,500 of the alleged bribe that the \$2,500 was Lorimer moneey.' "There is not one word in the record to bear out any such statement," declared Lorimer. "It cannot be and it will not be shown that there was any

Lorimer money. The senator was prepared to continue with his speech at 1:10 o'clock, when Senator Smoot approached and whispered to him. The latter then stepped forward and asked for a recess until 2 of this city. o'clock, in order that Senator Lorimer might regain his strength. Mr. Lorimer showed signs of weakening under the heat and strain. The recess was granted without objection.

### Vote Delay Again Possible. When the Senate reassembled at 2

o'clock it confronted the possibility of a further prolongation of the debate. Senator La Follette appeared in the chamber and intimated to friends that he wanted to discuss the case after Mr. Lorimer concluded, and would do so if the opportunity afforded. Several other senators also contemplated making brief statements. It required ten minutes to secure a

Senator Lorimer appeared much refreshed when he again took the floor. He informed inquirers during the recess that be did not know how much longer he gardeners whose crops were being dam-

## Bitterly Attacks Roosevelt.

Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt was the special target for the bitter shafts of Senator Lorimer during his speech yesterday afternoon after The Star went to press. He charged that the colonel's friends would have secured his nomination at the Chicago convention by corruption. President Taft did not escape his criticism, either, for he took the chief executive to task for admitting that he favored the ousting of Lorimer without reading all the testimony.

Senator Lorimer's attack on Col. Roosevelt was his answer to the attacks of the colonel on him. It was toward the end of his address yesterday afternoon that he turned to Col. Roosevelt. It was evident that he was wearying under the strain of emotion and excitement, but there was still plenty of fire left in his

voice and manner when he began speaking of Col. Roosevelt. "Mr. Roosevelt has declared that my election was corrupt, relying on what H. H. Kohlsaat had told him." shouted the Illinois senator. "He never read a line

Then he asked the secretary to read thwest, was found dead on the floor certain affidavits. These were the sworn of a garage at 3d and B streets southstatements of certain Mississippi dele- west early this morning. Harris, who gates to the republican national conven- was employed as a washer at the garage, had aided in establishing friendly relation declaring that efforts had been had come to work about 5 o'clock this made to bribe them to vote for Roose-velt. But they had been made public n Chicago and did not attract special to the secretary by a page.

## More Affidavits Read.

he vote for Roosevelt in the convention. They were signed by R. A. Holland, R. R. Butts and William James, all Georgia delegates.

There was absolute silence in the Sen-Browne's defense because he knew being read. Some of the anti-Roosevelt senators smiled, but the dropping of a "These affidavits," Mr. Lorimer shouted looking first to the republican and then to the democratic side, from the center aisle, where he stood, "have no bearing on my title to my seat, and are introduced by me'merely to show the hypoc-

PASTOR RUSSELL SPEAKS risy that is running rampant through the "They prove that a man who would have no bosses around him, who would destroy every political corruptionist, has Discusses the Rite as Practiced by not a hundredth part as much against Lorimer's election as these affidavits would have shown against his nomination if he had been nominated by the Chicago convention.

It was just at that point that Senator Smoot suggested that Senator Lorimer was wearied by his three-hour speech, and moved a recess until this morning.

Before he discussed Col. Roosevelt Senator Lorimer talked of the attitude of President Taft toward him and the Lorimer case. He read from the President's Massachusetts speeches, in which the President claimed that Senator Lorimer was suporting him not out of friendliness to him, but out of bitterness toward Col. Roosevelt. He also referred to the letter that President Taft made public, declaring his opposition to Senator Lorimer, and to other statements of the President.

Why He Supported Taft. "I did not support the President because was more bitter toward Theodore Roosevelt," he shouted. "The reason I supported the President was because I believed, as he did, in constitutional and representative government and because I believed, as he does, that the courts of the land and their decisions should not see that the truth should become known be subject to mobs. It was because of his stand on these subjects that I chose him instead of Roosevelt. If he had held the same opinions as Roosevelt I would

not have voted for either. "When the President took that letter to Massachusetts and read it, if I have not been misinformed, he was misstating the facts. I hope I have been misinformed, but word came to me that the President, before the speech, had been told that if a preferential vote bill were passed by the legislature of Illinois and the people of the state had an opportunity to cast their ballots, the only delegates he would get out of the total of fiftyeight were those that would come from the districts where Lorimer's friends

"And," shouted the Illinois senator Springfield during the sitting of the legis. with great feeling, "the only delegates he did get were from the districts in lature as due to his interest in the deep which I was reared and lived. Why did waterway. He said Gov. Deneen's testi- the President of the United States make mony substantiated his statement in that that statement to the people of Massahave been misinformed. Why did the man who told me they had informed him of the conditions in Illinois permit him to go into Massachusetts and misstate he facts?

### Voted Against Reciprocity.

"I do not believe the fact that Lorimer supported Taft lost him a single vote at the election, not to say a single delegate. The trouble in Illinois was reciprocity was not acceptable either to the farmers or to those interested in industries. They did not feel kindly tovelt nor against Taft; they voted against Canadian reciprocity and free trade.

"If Roosevelt had not been a candidate La Follette would have carried the state against President Taft. This was known are lost because they are not members President's campaign, and yet they permitted the President to go over the country creating sentiment against Lorimer. Is it unnatural that the wrath of the people should be turned against Lorimer under such circumstances? Oh, I tell you, senators, that if the men who were associated with me in politics in Illinois had not voted for President Taft he would not have received many more votes than he got in the primaries in South Dakota.
"And it was the President of the United

States, mind you, who was going about the country creating sentiment against Lorimer when the case was before the will believe him. It is only natural. So is there any wonder that not only the people of this country, but the people of the world, believe that Lorimer should be driven from the Senate?"

## Criticism of President.

road all the evidence in the case he could get. He criticised the President for trying the case without reading all the evidence, and he added:

"I do not object to being tried by the Senate, but I should have been tried by the ex-President."

Denying that he had any bitterness in his heart for any senator who voted against him before, Senator Lorimer mentioned of Senator Kern, one of the minority by name some of those who had opposed him. Referring to Senator Root, he said his only criticism was that when Mr. Root was told that the sources of the "corruption fund" had been discovered inoney that "there is evidence further Mr. Root did not give him the chance to answer the charge. Senator Root was in the chamber, but made no reply. Senator Lorimer frequently recurred to the control of newspapers and news associations by his enemies. He declared that erroneous statements had been sent out to the world by newspaper agencies. He referred to what he termed the control of news sources by Victor Lawson, Melville E. Stone and Frank B. Noyes

# Cause Lower Temperatures and Greatly Aid the Truck

Crops.

The rains of yesterday afternoon and last night brought lower temperatures to quorum when the Senate reconvened. the District of Columbia and surrounding country, and at the same time brought welcome relief to farmers and truck aged by the drought. out the night. The storms were accompapanied by brilliant electrical displays. Fortunately almost no wind accompanied

the disturbances and no damage was re-Showers still are lurking in this section, and unsettled weaher is the forecast for tonight and tomorrow, with, however, only temporary reductions in temperature. The warm weather, according to the forecaster at the weather bureau, is

to continue for several days. Showers were general throughout the east yesterday and today, the entire middle Atlantic and New England region being visited by the welcome rain. The result has been a noticeable decrease of the terrific heat and a change of the center of high temperature to a point west of the Mississippi river.

## FOUND DEAD IN GARAGE.

Have Touched Electric Switch. morning.

In his work it is supposed he came in

In his work it is supposed he came in other cases in supporting her claim that LONDON, July 12.—The English newscontact with an uninsulated part of an the Red Cross has done much to help the papers devote comparatively small attenattention. Then he picked up some other electric switch. The body was found papers from his desk and sent them up on the floor near the switch by other employes, who notified the Emergency Hospital. Physicians answering the call pronounced life extinct when they ar-

(Continued from First Page.)

Finish in Stadium,

The first four officers to start re-entered

the stadium in the following order:

Brule, France; Godfree, England; Bern-

at the finish. After a few minutes he

was able to walk off, holding the arm of a

friend. The remainder of the officers re-

entered the stadium practically in their

starting order, but Lilliehook, Sweden,

passed Hohenthal, Russia, on the home

The winners in the modern pentathlon

are reckoned according to the lowest

Three Swedish Flags Up.

A. R. Taipale, was too much for them.

Wins First Heat.

Scott, South Paterson Y. M. C. A., and

George V. Bonhag, L. A. A. C. But H.

Kolehmainen, Finland, came in first. The

In the last lap, however, the Finn easily

ahead. Berna, Taber and Scott were next

the last of the Americans. The Finnish

Swedes running breast to breast. ine

British team ran alone in the third heat.

Today's Summaries.

Discus throwing, best hand; final-A. R.

Caipale, Finland, first, 45 meters 21 cen-

imeters; R. L. Byrd, Adrian College,

second, 42 meters 32 centimeters; James

400-meter flat race, first heat-James M.

Rosenberger, I. A. A. C., first; C. A. C.

Poulenard, France, second; G. R. L.

Second heat-Melvin W. Sheppard, I.

A. A. C., and E. W. Haley, England,

Yahiko Mishima, Japan, second. Time,

Fifth heat-C. L. Lelong, France, first;

Sixth heat-K. Stenborg, Sweden,

walked over unopposed. Seventh heat—Harold B. Haff, Univer-

sity of Michigan, first; E. Lunghi, Italy,

Eighth heat-Frigyes Mezel, Hungary,

first; J. Dahlin, Sweden, second; G. D.

Ninth heat-E. Lindholm, Sweden, first; J. Pedersen, Norway, second; H. Burko-

Tenth heat-Edward F. Lindberg, Chi-

cago A. A., first; J. C. Soutter, England,

Eleventh heat-Clarence S. Edmundson,

land, second; G. M. Brock, Canada, third.

Twelfth heat-G. Nicol, England, first;

Ira N. Davenport, University of Chicago,

second: T. H. Gallon, Canada, third.

Thirteenth heat-T. Persson, Sweden

first; R. A. Lindsay, England, second.

Fourteenth heat-C. N. Seedhouse, Eng-

land, first; A. Pedersen, Norway, second;

Ervin Szerciomhegyi, Hungary, third.

Fifteenth heat-G. H. Patching, South

Africa, first; Charles D. Reidpath, Syra-

cuse University, second; H. Wenseler,

Germany, third; A. Patterson, England,

Modern pentathlon (duel shooting,

swimming 300 meters, fencing, riding,

cross-country running, 4,000 meters), re-

sult-Lilliehook, Sweden, first, 27 points;

Asbring, Sweden, second, 28 points; De-

laval, Sweden, third, 30 points; Lieut.

fourth, 41 points; Stramme, Sweden, fifth,

110-meter hurdle race, final-Fred W

Kelly, University of South California,

Los Angeles, first; James Wendell, N. Y. A. C., second; Martin W. Hawkins, Mult-

nomah, Athletic Club, third. Time,

Team race, 3,000 meters; five run, three

count, first heat-United States, first;

Second heat-Germany, first; Sweden,

Third heat-Great Britain, first-walked

Running long jump, final-Albert L.

Canada, second, 7 meters 21 centimeters;

400-meter race, semi-finals, first heat-

Charles D. Reidpath, Syracuse Univer-

Association, third. Time, 48 7-10 seconds.

A., first; E. Lindholm, Sweden, second;

Third heat-James E. Meredith, Mer-

cersburg Academy, first; Melvin W. Shep-

pard, I. A. A. C., second; J. Pedersen,

In this heat James E. Meredith, Mer-

cersburg Academy, still further improved

the record by covering the distance in 48

Fifth heat-Hans Braun, Germany

ON BRITAIN'S ATHLETES

ENGLISH WRITER SEVERE

Games Does Not Deserve

to Win.

Chicago, third. Time, 0.49 1-

L. Lelong, France, third. Time,

P. Giongo, Italy, third. Time,

Malfait, France, third. Time, 0.50 2-5.

witz, Germany, third. Time, 0.51 2-5.

Donald B. Young, Boston A. A., sec-

Anderson, England, third. Time, 0.55 3-5.

dead heat. Time, 0.55 3-5.
Third heat—F. Zorling, Sweden, first;

Academy, second. Time not given.

ond. Time, 0.50 1-5.

Time, 0.50 2-5.

0.53 3-5.

Time, 0.59 1-5.

Time. 0.55 2-5.

Time. 0.511/6.

15 1-10 seconds

Finland, second.

Norway, third

fourth. Time, 0.51 1-10.

Time. 0.50.

H. Duncan, New York city, unattached,

third, 42 meters 28 centimeters.

The summaries follow:

to start

and finished tenth.

ond with two, etc.

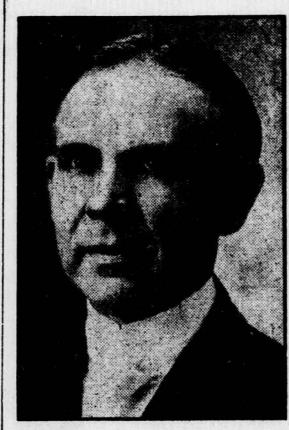
applauded Lieut. Patton.

**Hundreds Attending Bible Con**was given a hearty cheer. He was the vention Witness Ceremony.

Various Churches.

SYMPOSIUM IS ALSO HELD

Prominent Class Leaders of Country Participate in Program This Afternoon.



Evangelist, of Detroit, who is taking a prominent part in work of conven-

Pastor Russell of the Brooklyn Tabernacle spoke at today's session of the In- American team had four out of the first ternational Bible Students' Association five men in the race. There was a splenconvention in the Academy Theater on Kiviat, who, for seven laps, kept at the Baptism, Its Import and Its Symbol." At 1 o'clock this afternoon over 250 were baptized at the bathing beach at a special service which was attended by hundreds of delegates. Various evangelists of the

association officiated. The address of Pastor Russell was the mainen's time was 8 minutes 36 9-10 sec- would do something that the world which he is to make during the convention, and was followed with great interest by the large audience, which filled the theater from pit to gallery. He discussed various rites of baptism of the different churches, and called attention to the belief of some that all "One says," he averred, "that they are lost because their sins are not washed

unimmersed people are eternally lost. away in baptism. The other says they by the men in Illinois who conducted the of Christ's church by immersion. Do these good people believe that saintly Methodists, Presbyterians, Lutherans and Roman Catholics are to be roasted everlastingly because of not being immersed in water? Surely not! They have outgrown such foolishness, but do

### not generally see the real baptism. Praise Service Held.

At 2:30 this afternoon a praise service was held in the Academy, and at 3 o'clock 0.55 3-5. Bible class leaders from various sections Senate for decision. Of course the people, of the country took part, the subject being "Holiness of Heart, of Conduct, of

Tongue and of Thought.' At the Masonic Temple the following program was carried out: Nine a.m., praise service; 10, address by P. S. L. Johnson of Columbus, Ohlo, on "Character Develoment"; 11, address by G. C. Driscoll of second; M. Herrmann, Germany, third. Senator Lorimer referred to a statement Dayton, Ohio; 2:30 p.m., praise service; of the President to the effect that he had 3 p.m., address by A. T. Stewart, Springfield, Ill. At 3:45 C. A. Wise of Indianapolis was scheduled to speak. A feature at the morning services was the rendering of several solos by J. A. Reid, musical director Conservatory of Music of Chi-

Tomorrow's Program.

The program tomorrow, "Harvesters' day," at the Masonic Temple, will be as Seattle A. A., first; E. J. Henley, Eng-



.A M. SAPHORE, Who addressed the session held in the Academy last night. He hails from

ducted by Ernest Kuehn of Toledo, Ohio: 10 a.m., address by Hayden Samson of G. Aberg, Sweden, third, 7 meters 18 amounts carried at present in the pension Scranton, Pa.; 11 a.m., lecture by G. B. centimeters. Showers were general in and about the Raymond of Binghamton, N. Y.; 2 p.m., Berean Bible raise service: 3:30 sity, first; J. Dahlin, Sweden, second; study, conducted by J. G. Kuehn, Cleve-Clarence S. Edmundson, Seattle Athletic land; 3:30 p.m., discourse by J. T. Staples of Richmond, Va. The program at the Academy of Music tomorrow will be as follows: Nine a.m., praise service: 10:30 heat-Edward F. Lindberg, Chicago A. a.m., address by Pastor Russell on "The Harvest; Its Privileges, Great and Small"; 2 p.m., praise service; 2:30 p.m., address by J. H. Cole, and at 3:30 p.m., address by I. F. Hoskins of California.

## ASKS RED CROSS BUILDING.

Miss Mabel Boardman Enters Plea

for \$300,000 Appropriation. Miss Mabel Boardman, president of the American National Red Cross, appeared before the House committee on public buildings and grounds today and argued in favor of the Slayden resolution which Arthur Harris, Colored, Borend to provides for the erection of a large memorial building in this city. Miss Boardman wants Congress to appropriate \$300 .-Arthur Harris, a negro of 240 3d street 000 toward this building, and in the course Declares Team Entered in Olympic thwest, was found dead on the floor of her talk she said that the United States owed a great deal to the Red Cross because the activities of the organization tions with other countries. She spoke of the Chinese famine and

State Department in its work

generally appear not to be greatly in-Two Killed, 17 Hurt by Lightning. terested. Disappointment at England's ANNISTON, Ala., July 12.—Charles Kir. poor showing, however, is reflected in an creation of a police and firemen's relief They were additional affidavits, not before published, by other delegates to the
fational republican convention, and they
charged certain of the Roosevelt mancharged certain of the

scale surpassing classical Greece, Great Britain has, not even made a bid for victory.

Team Generally Indifferent.

He declares that the British team did not try to win, did not run to win and was not organized to win, and after a comparison of the lax British methods with the splendid organization, training and discipline of the Americans and Scandinavians, says:

hardt, Austria, and Stranne, Sweden. "We lost because we deserve to lose." Then came Haaggstrom, a Swede; Jolder, The Daily Mail in an editorial on the a Dane, and Wersaell, a Swede, in order, Olympic, while protesting against Ameribut Durant, England, who started fifth, can newspapers representing Great Britentered eighth. Lieut. Patton had a lead ain as decadent, declaring it to be abof twenty yards in front of Asbrink, surd and unjust, confesses that: "If we Sweden, when he re-entered the stadium, are not to disgrace ourselves at the next but lost ground in the last fifty yards Olympic at Berlin, the British Olympic committee will do well to ponder the The Swedish officer, who had started king's famous words, 'Wake up, Engtenth, passed him two yards from the land! Lieut. Patton threw himself forward and fell almost fainting on the grass

# **ALLEGED VIOLATIONS** OF COURT INJUNCTION

number of points made by them in the whole of the five events. The first in Mrs. Louise C. Crismond Aceach event is credited with one, the seccuses Husband and Judge When the announcement of the result Anderson Admonishes. of the modern pentathlon was made and

three Swedish flags rose at the same moment to the top of the flagstaffs at the end of the stadium the whole assembly Charges of violations of an injunction of 25,000 people rose to their feet, unof the court forbidding her husband, Edcovered their heads and sang the Swedish ward T. Crismond, a contractor and national anthem. Then with a mighty builder, to interfere with or molest her roar they gave three cheers for the winners, while the American competitors gave an American yell followed by "Sweden" three times, after which the Swedes denied the charges and claimed he has always obeyed the court's directions. The outcome of the discus throwing was Mrs. Crismond told the court that July another disappointment to the American she took her three children for an outathletes, who had counted upon a clean sweep in that event. The stocky Finn, forbade her continuing to the beach. He called out many times, the wife says, in In the 3,000-meter team race the first neat was won by the United States team, consisting of Abel R. Kiviat, I. A. A. C.; and to think she is the mother of three asked him to come to the socialist cam-Tel S. Berna, Cornell University; Norman S. Taber, Brown University; Louis

After she had boarded the car with the children, she asserted, Crismond followed and taking a seat behind her addressed abusive remarks to her.

Alleges Violence. spurted away, and finished fifty yards lently pull her head backward. He rest, as well as clearing up the much-disin the order named, while Bonhag was team numbered only four men. Koleh- kinds of trouble would occur and he would hear of." distancing the Swedish team, which was

ened that she declined to leave the car merely giving an exhibition, the five and returned with the train to Washington. When she reached home, she asserts, she discovered the rear door had South Africa, Russia, Italy and France been forced and all her clothing was had all entered teams, but they failed found so torn as to render it useless. She lays the blame for the vandalism on her husband. She also charges that her husband has

violently on her front door, and inquired why Mr. Crismond was not residing there When this man left he joined another man, lurking in the shadows across the street, whom, the wife says, she thought was her husband.

### Crismond Makes Denial.

Crismond, in his denial, says his conversations with his wife were pleasant, and that the only threat he made on the train was directed to his brother, John R. Crismond, who, with his family, accompanied Mrs. Crismond. He says the brother made slighting re-Fourth heat—Hans Braun, Germany, says the brother made slighting re-first; James E. Meredith, Mercersburg marks, and he threatened to thrash him on the arrival at the beach. He denies the vandalism and the sending of a man to the house to annoy his wife. Justice Anderson admonished the husband not to give his wife cause to again call the matter to the attention of the

court. He advised Crismond to keep away from the wife and not to annoy her personally or through the intervention of third parties. • To insure future culation for several months, and became observance of the injunction the court continued the hearing on the rule. The wife was directed to send the children to her husband's home at the times allowed in the previous order. Attorneys John Ridout and S. McComas Hawken appeared for the wife and Attorney R. B. Behrend represented the

# REDUCTION IN PENSIONS LIKELY TO BE ORDERED

Commissioners Consider Cut in Police and Fire Department Annuities.

Reductions in the amounts paid a num- to extend his statement the commissioner ber of pensioners of the police and fire said he did not, as he believed the simple George S. Patton, jr., United States, departments of the District may be or- sentence is plain enough. dered, following consideration by the Commissioners today of the report of the board of police and fire surgeons, which recently concluded a medical examination

of the pensioners. The board's report was taken up by Commissioners Rudolph and Johnston and Assistant Engineer Commissioner Markham at 10 o'clock this morning, and examination of the recommendations made was still in progress at a late hour this

It is understood that a tentative decl-Gutterson, University of Vermont, first, sion has been reached regarding a number meters 60 centimeters; C. D. Bricker, of reductions which will cut down the

Examination Every Two Years. The District appropriation act of 1908 provided that pensioners of the police 400-meters race, semi-finals, second and fire departments shall undergo an Madeline Gonzales, in Anacostia last July,

continued in whole or in part. If the board decides that the physical condition of a pensioner is such that he is no longer entitled to a pension he can prisoner stoically said: "Let's hear it!" be dropped from the rolls or a reduction first; Donald B. Young, Boston A. A., disqualified; Ira N. Davenport, University of Members of the police and fi Members of the police and fire depart-

ments claim that a law which deprives policeman or a fireman of his pension after years of service is unjust, but the Commissioners are bound by it and have no other course. It is considered likely that the pensioners who are to be affected by any change in the amounts now paid will be those who are employed at fair wages.

## District Is Now Behind.

pensioners in the amount of \$36,476.53 as the prosecution. a result of deficiencies in the amounts available for discharging the pension rolls makes a new record for criminal produring the last two years. For the first time since December full payment of pen- have the death penalty imposed this July, tion to the Olympic games and the public sions is assured at the end of the present sentence having been pronounced last month, owing to receipts from the sale week on Willie Sabens, a soldier from of dog tags for the new fiscal year. The Senate has passed a bill for the

# ON WITNESS FRANKLIN

Introduces Testimony to Disprove His Statement in Trial for Bribery.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 12-Newspaper reporters who were present when Bert H. Franklin was arraigned on a charge of jury bribing last December were expected to testify today in the bribery trial of Clarence S. Darrow. At bribing of the McNamara jurors.

newspaper men were summoned to impeach the testimony of the former Mc-Namara defense detective.

Serve a Double Purpose. Witnesses produced yesterday served the double purpose of accounting for the committee. whereabouts of the accused lawyer on the morning of the alleged bribery expose and of tending to impeach Franklin's verac-

A mysterious stranger came with Franklin to the office of the McNamara defense early in the morning of the latter's arrest, according to the testimony of Leonard Schroeber, who was employed as were made to Justice Anderson today by a watchman at the offices of the McNa-Mrs. Louise C. Crismond. The husband mara counsel, and it seemed probable the defense would undertake to show that it was the stranger who operated with Franklin in his alleged jury tampering. The mystery of the telephone message which called Darrow to the vicinity of ing to Chesapeake Beach. Her husband the arrest of Franklin, which had been met her on the way, she declares, and given much prominence during the trial, was cleared up by Charles O. Hawley, a former fire commissioner of Los Angeles. Hawley testified that he had called the presence of others, "There is a Darrow on the telephone about 9 o'clock woman applying for divorce; look at her, on the morning of November 28, and paign headquarters for a political con-ference with himself and Job Harriman.

### Aids the Defense.

Hawley, the last witness on the stand today, was regarded as one of the best witnesses yet produced by the de-When she would lean forward in the fense. He corroborated the testimony of seat to avoid hearing his remarks, she Job Harriman as to the latter's movestates, he would grab her and vio- ments on the morning of Franklin's aralso announced, she declares, that cussed telephone call which drew Darwhen the train reached the beach, "all row practically to Franklin's side when Detective Samuel L. Browne took him

Frank Fowler, an attorney employed ness at the afternoon session. He characterized as "an infamous lie" the testimony of A. J. Krueger, a talesman in the McNamara case, that he had attempted to bribe the latter with an offer of \$4,000. He denied that he had ever had any connection with the McNamara defense. On cross-examination, Fowler said that he had done some work for Attorney caused a man to visit her at night, rap Earl Rogers in the jury selection stage of the Darrow trial.

# ALL DOUBTS ARE CLEARED

Commissioner Valentine Has Not Resigned, Does Not Contemplate Resigning.

"I have not resigned, and I am contemplating resigning.

"ROBERT G. VALENTINE." The above is the first formal statement Commissioner Valetnine of the Indian bureau has given in answer to numerous rumors about the government departments. These rumors have been in cirmore positive after Mr. Valentine issued order 601, forbidding the garb of any religious society to be used by teachers in the steamship lines against which the teaching duties, which order was subse- to terms. quently suspended by President Taft, pending a hearing on the subject, which was later held by Secretary Fisher of

### the Interior Department. Intended to Be Decisive.

The commissioner made the statement this afternoon at his office in the pension plenty of men waiting for jobs that might building, declaring that he believes it will be vacated. place him more fairly before his friends and the general public as to his attitude toward the office which he now occupies. Since the rumors of his intention to leave the Indian bureau have been in circulation, his friends say, the commissioner has not thought it necessary to give out a statement on the subject, but as they are now being given wide circulation through the press he is of the opinion that the general public should know just how he stands on the proposition in ques-

When asked this afternoon if he desired

# GONZALES MUST HANG

Negro Sentenced by Justice Georgetown Residents Provide Anderson to Pay Penalty for Crime September 13.

Andrew Gonzales colored convicted las week of murder in the first degree in connection with the death of his wife, examination by the board of police and was sentenced today by Justice Anderson fire surgeons every two years, the object to pay the penalty of his crime on the being to supply the Commissioners with scaffold. The court designated September information which will enable them to 13, between 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., as the decide whether the pensions shall be time for the execution. When asked if he had anything to say

While the sentence was being pronounced Gonzales stood with bowed head until the iustice reached the words "hanged by the neck," when he threw back his head, stretching his neck. At the conclusion, Gonzales hearing the court's words, "May God have mercy on your soul," murmured' "have mercy."

### Had Pleaded Insanity. the jury did not believe his statements.

Attorneys C. H. Hemans and George F. Collins represented the prisoner. Assistant Already the District is obligated to its United States Attorney Proctor conducted The imposition of sentence on Gonzales

Fort Myer.

# Unparalleled, perhaps, since the day of Pheidippidas, and that the Swedes, Danes and Finns have organized symnastics on Creece. DARROW MAKES ATTACK LAST TOUCHES GIVEN MAY CHANGE NAME LAST TOUCHES GIVEN WAY CHANGE NAME.

Gov. Wilson Completes Mes- New Designation for Prohibisage to Committee.

WILL BE READ AT CHICAGO SUGGESTION BY DELEGATE

Name of National Chairman With- Says Present Appellation Has Been held. Temporarily - Democratic Nominee Receives Callers.

SEAGIRT, N. J., July 12.-Gov. Wilthe time of his arraignment after the sen- son put the finishing touches today to sational ending of the McNamara trial the message which Robert S. Hudspeth Franklin was quoted to the effect that will carry for him to the democratic na-Mr. Darrow had nothing to do with the tional committee at Chicago next Monday. Suggestions were discussed with During his cross-examination early in him by Judge Hudspeth, William F. Mcthe present trial Franklin denied that he Combs, Edward E. Grosscup, New Jerhad ever made such statement and the sey state chairman; Col. Robert Ewing, national committeeman from Louisiana, and other leaders.

The governor has made up his mind, he said, as to whom he will select for national chairman, but will make no announcement of his choice except to the

Callers of national prominence continued to flock to the little "White House" today. Mr. Goltra, national committeeman from Missouri, who talked with the governor ast night, came over from Spring Lake during the forenoon with Col. Ewing and Representative Broussard of Louisiana.

## Others Have Appointments.

Senators Watson and Chilton had appointments to call today, and the usual number of democratic leaders who drop in without making appointments are ex-

As soon as it can be arranged Gov. Wilson expects to meet and consult with his running mate, Gov. Marshall of Indiana. Col. Ewing said that he had stopped by on his way to Chicago merely to shake hands with the nominee. He added that they had discussed the national chairmanship, and that he had told Gov. Wilson he favored William F. Mc-Combs for the place. "Among the committeemen I have talked with, and I have talked with more than half of them," said Ewing, "I find no opposition to Mr. McCombs.'

### Suggests Campaign Committee.

Col. Ewing said he believed that it would be advisable to appoint a small campaign committee to direct the details of the fight. If necessary, he said, this committee might be selected outside of the ranks of the national committee. Representative Lloyd of Missouri

chairman of the democratic congressional campaign committee, had a short talk party. with the governor, during which he suggested that the national committee and touch with each other during the cam-

# THREATENS TO TIE UP EVERY RAILROAD PIER

James Vidal, Conducting New York Seamen's Strike, May Make General Call.

NEW YORK, July 12.- The threat that the longshoremen handling freight on than campaigns in the past. every railroad pier in the city will be called out within the next twenty-four hours lends a new aspect today to the temporary chairman of the convention, seamen's strike situation in New York. who scored Taft, Roosevelt and Wilson. The threat was made in an authorized and branded the old parties as "whisky statement by James Vidal, vice president of the National Transport Workers' Alonzo E. Wilson of Illinois before the

Federation of America. "We will tie up every pler in the city," declared Vidal. He indicated that it was hoped to produce such a halt in the handling of foodstuffs at the piers that Indian schools while engaged in their strike is directed will be forced to come

### Plenty of Men Await Jobs. H. H. Raymond, vice president of the

Clyde line, one of the lines involved, said that so far none of the lines in question has suffered more than a little inconvenience from the strike. He said there were One hundred and fifty freight handlers paign fund solicitation Dr. Silas C. Swal struck at the National Docks Storage

Company's pier in Jersey City yesterday. The Pennsylvania railroad's longshore in Jersey City, but they refused to come to New York to take the places of striking longshoremen here.

Not Affiliated, He Says.

PORT HURON, Mich., July 12 .- "Any local which would participate in the the day. strike in New York would be immediately expelled from the International Longshoremen's Association," declared President E. V. O'Connor of that association. which is in convention here today. "The National Transport Workers' Fed-

eration of America is not at all affiliated

with the International Longshoremen's

# FOR MURDER OF WIFE GIVE PLAYGROUNDS \$150

for Recreation for Children of That Section.

Announcement was made today by Edgar S. Martin, supervisor of the Wash- insurgent candidate for the office. ington Playground Association, of the Mr. Hinshaw's election came on the donation of \$150 by residents of George- fifth ballot, after both Jones and Caltown for affording proper recreation for lots on the national chairmanship the children of that section, and the appoint- convention devoted its time to the ment of Miss Lena F. Wilkins to take adoption of a platform. The delegates charge of the work.

Every day, until the close of summer, before sentence, Gonzales said: "Nothing Miss Wilkins will meet groups of chilat all." When the court told him he was dren at regularly designated points and about to impose the death sentence, the interest them in stories and games. The at its height the chairman brought schedule is as follows:

### Schedule of Meetings. Monday, Grace Church, 9:30 a.m., and

Epiphany Church, 1 p.m.; Tuesday, Cissel's alley, 9:30 a.m., and 33d and Prospect avenue, 3:30 p.m.; Wednesday, Corcoran School, 9:30 a.m.; Thursday, Grace Church, 9:30 a.m., and 37th and N streets, The prisoner had pleaded insanity, but 3:30 p.m.; Friday, Cissel's alley, 9:30 a.m., and 33d street and Prospect avenue, 3:30 added on that subject. p.m.; Saturday, Corcoran School, 9:30 a.m. Dr. Silas Swallow of Pennsylvania While Miss Wilkins' work will not be sought also to add a declaration against part of the playgrounds schedule, it is the wearing of clerical garb in to be directed by Supervisor Martin. An schools. Father George Zurcher of effort will be made to work up a large Buffalo, a Catholic priest and deleattendance regularly at the various classes and keep the children off the cedure in the local courts during a recess streets as much as possible. term. The prisoner is the second man to

> Preliminaries for Davis Cup. FOLKESTONE, England, July 12.-In the preliminary games for the Dwight F. Davis lawn tennis cup C. P. Dixon and safe from extradition at any place on

tion Party Considered.

Robbed of Its Meaning.

HOT DISCUSSION EXPECTED

Bitter Fight Over National Chairmanship Ends With Election of Virgil G. Hinshaw.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 12 .- A change of the party name was proposed to the prohibition national convention here today. Suggestions that the party had outgrown its name, which have been discussed informally since the gathering here of the delegates, brought a definite proposal from Rev. S. H. Taft of Callfornia, that the convention adopt the name "conservation party." Action on the matter probably will come late today and a lively debate on the question is ex-

pected. "I wish the convention to consider the mportance of changing the name from prohibition' to 'conservation party.' said Mr. Taft. "The name of prohibition does not in any full measure signify the great purpose for which we stand pledged -to take the government from the hands of corrupt political parties ruled by the rum parlor.

### Name Robbed of Meaning.

"Added to the fact that name inadequately sets forth our purpose and work," he continued, "it has been discredited and robbed of its former meaning by the law-defying attitude of the dominant rum-ruled parties. The name has become a handican instead of an inspiration. Let us prove our right to public confidence by keeping step with the onward march of events as did the old liberal party which changed its name before it attained the overthrow of slavery. "Conservation means all that progressive means, and more. Let us take t before some other organization has appropriated it." Other names suggested by delegates are "progressive party" and "liberal

### Old Ticket Predicted.

Having chosen a new national chairman after a three-day fight, the prohibition party, in convention here, today tried to forget differences and cultivate a generous spirit in the minds of the delegates to raise money for campaign expenses. In the order of business for the day is the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President. State delegations early today hel caucuses as to candidates, and prediction was made that the ticket of four years ago would be renamed-Eugene W. Chafin of Illinois and Arizona for President and Aaron S. Watkins of Ohio for Vice President. Champions of other candidates were

preparing to urge their favorites upon the convention. New York was preparing to present Francis E. Baldwin and Maryland the name of Finley C. Hendrickson, who proposes a campaign which would appeal to voters outside the churches and be conducted in a more practical way Illinois delegates considered the edvisability of placing in nomination Clin-ton N. Howard of Rochester, N. Y., the

### closing session of the convention was called to order.

parties" in his keynote speech. "There

Debate Money Question. Michael J. Fanning of Philadelphia led the appeal for campaign funds when the convention began. For an hour the convention was given over to the money

Prospect of one more contest before adjournment developed when members of cember to draft a party constitution signified their intention of urging their re port for adoption. Many delegates are opposed to some of the proposals. separation of churches and state," and men kept at work at the company's pier expressing opposition to the appropriation

> by the convention last night after a long wrangie. Chairman Meade declared that Dr. Swallow was not in order when be proposed the resolution again, but prom-"I am going to insist upon the convention taking another vote on my reso lution," said Dr. Swallow.

Father Zuricher of New York, the on

Catholic priest in the convention, who

### led the opposition to the resolution yesterday, signified that he would oppose it again today.

Prayers and Wrangling. After a day of almost constant wrangling, interspersed now and then with hymns and prayers, the convention last night overthrew the exisiting administration and elected Virgil G. Hinshaw of Portland, Ore., as national chairman of

The convention voted down a proposed plank in the platform demanding that the separation of church and state be perpetual and that no public money should be appropriated to sectarian churches and schools.

Mr. Hinshaw, the new national chairman of the party, was a compromise selection as between Charles R. Jones of Calderwood of Minnesota, the leading were in a turmoil most of the time, and occasionally there came cries of "gar" rule" and "Tammany tactics" from several of the delegations. Several times when the disorder was

### or by having some one start a prayer. Platform Changed.

about tranquillity by starting a song

The platform as originally presented

by the resolutions committee was

of the delegates contended there was "not enough prohibition" in the document, so several strong phrases were

gate, declared this would be interpreted as an affront to Catholics. After much discussion a vote was taken on the plank and it was lost.

Fugitive criminals will no longer be

Criminals Cannot Feel Safe.